

# anthan

NEWSLETTER FROM FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES (FMS), GURUKULA KANGRI VISHWAVIDYALAYA. VOL. 32, ISSUE 19, 2019.

Grade

Gurukula Kangri Vishwavidyalaya is

Status by NAAC 2015

Accredited 'A'

From the Dean's Pen.

**CHIEF-PATRON** Satya Pal Singh Chancellor

**PATRON** 

Roop Kishor Shastri Vice Chancellor

ADVISORY BOARD **Dinesh Bhatt** Registrar

> Rajendra Misra Finance Officer

**EDITOR-IN-CHIEF** Vinod Kumar Singh Dean & Head -FMS

**EDITOR** Sanchit Dagar

**MEMBERS - FMS** Pankaj Madan Vageesh Paliwal **Anil Dangwal** Rajul Bhardwaj Ashish Arya **Amit Agarwal** Mihir Joshi Mithilesh Pandey **Ashutosh Sheel** 

**MEMBERS - DMS, DEHRADUN** Surekha Rana Bindu Arora Patiraj Kumari **Poonam Painuly** Vijayshree Sangwan

**OFFICE MEMBERS - FMS** Girish Joshi Umashankar **Narender Malik** Nagender Rana Sunil Praveen Manoj Raja

DMS, DEHRADUN Akankasha **Pramila Devi Mahendra Gurang** 

In Faculty of Management Studies (FMS, GKV), we nurture the overall personality of future intelligentsia and make them good human beings. I am glad to offer the various courses in management to different sections of society with a mission to make this world more peaceful and meaningful place to live.

Over the last couple of years, FMS has differentiated itself as a leading B-school through continuous improvement in its business teaching pedagogies and sincere efforts to groom students. The role of a good educational institution is to bring out the latent abilities of students so as to ensure their overall development. FMS has always believed in the new concept of all work and play without learning makes jack a dull boy, so we lay emphasis on learning propelled teaching instead of traditional teaching pedagogy. Believing that the young minds of today will become the policy makers of tomorrow, FMS tries to provide its young intellectuals, the opportunities to explore new tools and techniques to hone their skills. Today, in the intellectual, technical and competitive era, it is essential to be intuitive, creative and communicative to survive. FMS provides platform to the young minds by conducting conferences, symposiums, business quizzes, poster making and many other outreach programs regularly to so that they can pioneer out of box thinking and tackle future challenges intelligently and calmly.

It is our alumni that makes us an intrinsically interfaced industry-academic body. Wherever they go, whatever they achieve, one thing remains unchanged and that is the relationship with FMS, faculties and students that give FMSians the linkage with the industry for better placement record every year.

Management

V.K. Singh

Our Legacy...

Faculty of Management Studies [FMS] established in the year 1996, is running three post-graduate courses: (i) Master of Business Administration (ii) Master of Business Administration (Business Finance) (iii) Master of Business Administration (Business Economics) and BBA as under Graduate Course. The mode of selection of these courses are through CAT, MAT, CMAT, GMAT entrance exams. Besides this, Ph.D. program is also running in different areas of management. The Faculty aims at providing quality conscious manageria manpower for the industries and for that purpose FMS aims at developing competent professional managers for ensuring competitive business environment and to infuse entrepreneurial and innovative styles in the future managers.

Besides this, there are multifaceted objectives to research consultancy and managerial excellence. Marching ahead to the path of success, faculty is providing Wi-Fi environment and video conferencing facility to the students and faculty members. FMS, Gurukula Kangr Vishwavidyalaya, Haridwar is among the best teaching, research and consulting institutions. The Faculty has established itself as a world class teaching and research institution and is involved in consulting and training programmes for the industry.

> The alumni of the faculty hold, Inter alia, top managemen positions in the best of Indian as well as multinationa companies. Besides the professional achievements, FMS provides the ideal setting and background conducive to learning where a student is a treasured asset.

# Aaghaz 2019- The stepping stone of Freshers

he session began with the most cherrished event after velcoming of the new budding managers in the epartment on 5 Nov. 2019 marked as the birth nniversary of Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan celebrated as eachers Day' and 'Freshers day'. Students enjoyed the vent, Ms. Kirti Sharma recieved award of the best Research Scholar in this session and Prof. V.K. Singh ecieved the Lifetime Achievement Award.



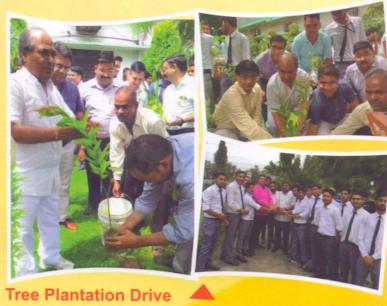


# oster Competition 2019

National level poster making competition was rganised by FMS on 1st Nov. 2019. A total of 250 entries om around the country were recieved out of which 150 osters were pinned for display at FMS Galleria for both school and college categories.

r. Sanchit Dagar and Dr. Amit Agarwal were the show asters. The results were

chool Category: First-Rajneesh Kumar, Jawahar avodya Vidyalaya, Roshanabad; Second- Tanishk upta, Mount-Litera Zee School, Haridwar; Third Yuvraj ingh, Angels Academy, Bhadrabad. ollege/University Category: First- Ritu Chauhan, idya Vihar PG College, Saharanpur; Second Jyotsna, EC PG College, Haridwar; Third Faisal Quereshi, urukula Kangri Vishwavidyalaya, Haridwar.



FMS celebrated the plantation drive on 11th Augus 2019 as instructed by AICTE. Thanks to Hon'ble Vice Chancellor Prof. R. K. Shastri for being with the team and torching stakeholders for motivating to this noble cause and would be managers for cementing on this auspicious moment. Courtesy - Dr. Amit Agarwal.





#### **Pot Making Competition**

on 28th August FMS conducted Pot Decoration Competition under able hands of Dr. Dangwal and Dr. Rajul in chained hooked with all teaching and non teaching staff. Prof. Dinesh Bhatt, Registrar, who was Chief Guest during inaugural session and Hob'le VC Prof. R.K.Shastri as Chief Guest at Prize Distribution Ceremony at Conference hall. The entire program was sponsored by one of our alumni right from pot purchase to cash prize. Thanks to one and all. Love to see the creative on-hand move by the students and special thanks to our research scholars who judged the show.







#### **Award Ceremony**

Prof. V.K. Singh Dean & Head, Faculty of Management Studies recieved the 'Haridwar Gaurav' award in the Virat Gita Mahotsav' 2019.



#### Talk Show 2019

A talk on India 2050: Vishwa Guru Bharat was conducted on 30<sup>th</sup> Sept. 2019 under able guidance of prof. Dinesh Bhatt. The eminent speaker Mr. Shaurya Doval managed the audiance with his vibrant contents.



R-Studio



A Three day workshop from 23- 25<sup>th</sup> November 2018 on 'Introduction to R and Statistical Analysis using R-

Studio' was conducted by Dr. Ashish Arya & Dr. Mihir

Joshi designed for both the academia and the

corporates, considering their needs and wants in

performing statistical analysis. The workshop

covered two core areas of quantitative or mixed

nethod research work. One, performing statistical

analysis and significance testing using different

## **Guest Lecture**

Guest Lecture by Mr, Hariom Jindal a well known Social Activist conducted the lecture on "Social service and importance of educating every neglected child" and "Empowerment through Knowledge", on 24<sup>th</sup> October 2019 was conducted for the students of FMS.



Prof. Pankaj Madan has been given the charge of Deanship of FET which added a feather to the FMS cap.



## Spiritual Learning

When expert is a spiritual master and the follower of Bhagavad-Gita, the stage becomes the battle field of Kurukshetra, and the audience becomes Arjuna. On 16<sup>TH</sup> Nov. 2019, the students and teachers of FMS learned the principles of Bhagavad-Gita for improving business from the master Shri Yogi Anand ji, USA. What a great learning and question answer session it was.





# Students & Research Scholars Reflections The Dream

I don't know what's the dream is that you have
But it's hard changing your life with that it requires on
the process of your working towards your dream.

You are going to incur a lot of disappointment.

A lot of failures, a lot of pain. There are moments when you are going to doubt yourself. But,Don't give up on your dream. It's very important for you to believe that you're the only one. Challenge yourself to define your value. Invest in yourself Chase your Dream But,Don't give up on your Dream.

#### Varank BBA II Year

# Home, near the office- A good place to work

Do you ever wonder about the productive man hours that employees end up wasting every day, while travelling to their work place?

Employees are spending more hours on wheels rather than at their homes or place of work .The commute time is the biggest buzz kill in India. According to economic survey report 2019 an average Indian office-goer spends over two hours in commute everyday-accounting for 7% of their day, the worst day being Monday for commute which consumes the longest commute time, while Thursdays adjudged as the best day to commute according to survey by Move In Sync. Where time is the important factor in everybody's life, employees are forced to spend much more time in commuting. Saving time will not only benefit private life, but will also boost a quality social life. Recently, Microsoft experimented with four-day work and witnessed a 40% surge in their productivity.

Will four-day work make sense? If this itself is brought down by a day, the level of motivation will increase. Employees may even be willing to put in additional hours in four days

rather than travel the additional day.

Many companies are offering different incentive for employees to move within 5-10 kms of its workplace. Because employees commuting from far distant places will focus more on how to reach home as early as possible rather than focusing on their work. It has also been observed that employees who live in the neighborhood often work late and stay with the company longer. Residential properties are now coming in close proximity to the commercial hubs, as more and more working population are now showing the interest in opting for housing options close to the work place. Living near the office has it's own benefits which can help you to escape from the daily hassle of commute and claim greater control over time which contribute to better work-lifebalance, reaping better productivity ,sound mental and physical health which will naturally lead to greater satisfied and quality life.

#### Prachi Pachauri

Research Scholar-KGM Dehradun

#### **Evolution of the Web**

"www" stands for the World Wide Web which is a part of the internet. It links and connects documents and websites together which can be searched on web browsers like Google Chrome or Internet Explorer through a search engine like Google or Bing. World wide web was first developed in

1989-1990 by a scientist named Tim Berners-Lee and people were able to see the first web page on internet by the end of 1990.Web 1.0 (1990-2000) - Read Only Web

Web 1.0 was the first stage of the World Wide Web and it was mainly read-only and static. It means that users could read the websites and its contents but could not add or interact with most of the websites. This generation of web was also known as the information. Web 1.0 was mainly used by companies and personal websites to show their information. Web 2.0 (2000-2010) - Read and Write Web

This stage or generation was also known as the "The Social Web" as the users were not only able to read the websites but they could also interact and connect with other users. Most of the social media like Blogs, Facebook, YouTube etc. were emerged in Web 2.0 and now the companies have started realizing the benefits of community interaction with business websites. Now most of the people also started to collaborate on ideas, could share information and could generate or create information which was available to the whole world.

Web 3.0 (2010-2020) - The Semantic Web

Web 3.0 was first mentioned by J.Markoff in the New York Times in 2006 as a generation of web that defines organised or structured data to simplify automation, integration and discovery across multiple applications. Web 3.0 is also known as "The Semantic Web" because it tries to represent knowledge in a way which allows computers to automatically reach to conclusions and decisions using some reasoning or data.

Web 3.0 is not only a read and write web but also a web that focusses on the individual user and machine. Users retrieve and share information through personalized searches; and results are based on user's behavior learned by browser. Hence, Web 3.0 has upgraded the traditional internet in a more open, connected and intelligent internet.

Web 3.0 has made the Internet artificially intelligent, which means, unlike web 2.0 internet doesn't give search results what a business wants to showcase to the customers but its shows results what customer wants from a business. The best example is Google search, earlier, based on our keywords Google used to show the best relevant results. However, now Google considers our - past keywords, clicked on search results, preferences, field of interest, influencers, online connections, how we connect with others and more. And based on the complied information, Google shows the most accurate results.

Web 4.0 (2020-2030) - Artificial Intelligence and Virtual Realities

Artificial Intelligence is the technology which makes the computer capable enough to communicate, think, reason, respond and behave just like a human being. Web 4.0 or the intelligent web will remain between the years 2020 and 2030 and it can reach upto the level of human intelligence and human brain. Computers will turn into personal assistants using virtual realities, all house appliances will be connected to the internet using IoT with chip implants in human brains, it looks like highly intelligent interactions will take place between machines and humans.

Web 5.0 (Beyond 2030) - The Telepathic Web or Symbionet Web

Highly intelligent Web 5.0 or "The Telepathic Web" will come



after the year 2030 and in this highly advanced and complex web generation, things such as brain implants will be highly popular. These Brain implants will give people the power and ability to communicate with the internet through thoughts. For example, the human will think of a question and the web page will open. All kinds of payments will be made by using a microchip in the brain or on the hand and all of the devices will be connected to the internet and will be controlled by the humans either through mobile apps or through their thoughts.

Aditya Dhiman

Research Scholar, FMS, GKV, Haridwar

# Overpopulation in India – Causes, Effects and How to Control it?

Every corner of India is a clear display of increasing population. Whether you are in a metro station, airport, railway station, road, highway, bus stop, hospital, shopping mall, market, temple, or even in a social/religious gathering, we see all these places are overcrowded at any time of the day. This is a clear indication of overpopulation in the country.

According to the Indian census, carried out in 2011, the population of India was exactly 1,210,193,422, which means India has crossed the 1-Billion mark. This is the second most populous country of the world after China and the various studies have projected that India will be world's number-1 populous country, surpassing China, by 2025. Despite the fact that the population policies, family planning and welfare programmes undertaken by the Govt. of India have led to a continuous decrease in the fertility rate, yet the actual stabilisation of population can take place only by 2050.

#### **Causes of Over Population**

The main common causes leading to over population in India are:

- The birth rate is still higher than the death rate. We have been successful in declining the death rates but the same cannot be said for birth rates.
- The fertility rate due to the population policies and other measures has been falling but even then, it is much higher compared to other countries.
- Even though legally the marriageable age of a girl is 18 years, the concept of early marriage still prevails and getting married at a young age prolongs the child bearing age. Also, in India, marriage is a sacred obligation and a universal practice, where almost every woman is married at the reproductive age.
- Another factor for the rapid growth of population is poverty. Impoverished families have this notion that more the number of members in the family, more will be the numbers to earn income. Some feel that more children are needed to look after them in their old age.
- Last but not the least, we cannot ignore the fact that illegal migration is continuously taking place from Bangladesh, Nepal leading to increased population density.

#### **Effects of Over Population**

 Unemployment: Generating employment for a huge population in a country like India is very difficult. The

- number of illiterate persons increases every year. Unemployment rate is thus showing an increasing trend.
- Pressure on infrastructure: Development of infrastructural facilities is unfortunately not keeping pace with the growth of population. The result is lack of transportation, communication, housing, education, healthcare etc. There has been an increase in the number of slums, overcrowded houses, traffic congestion etc.
- Resource utilization: Land areas, water resources, forests are over exploited. There is also scarcity of resources.
- Decreased production and increased costs: Food production and distribution have not been able to catch up with the increasing population and hence the costs of production have increased. Inflation is the major consequence of over population.
- Inequitable income distribution: In the face of an increasing population, there is an unequal distribution of income and inequalities within the country widen.

#### Steps to Control Population in India

The Government of India, politicians, policy makers should initiate a bold population policy so that the economic growth of the country can keep pace with the demands of a growing population. Major steps which have been already implemented but still need to be emphasised more to control population. Increasing the welfare and status of women and girls, spread of education, increasing awareness for the use of contraceptives and family planning methods, sex education, encouraging male sterilisation and spacing births, free distribution of contraceptives and condoms among the poor, encouraging female empowerment, more health care centres for the poor, to name a few, can play a major role in controlling population.

India's strengths in the global world in various fields cannot be ignored, whether in science & technology, medicine and health care, business and industry, military, communication, entertainment, literature and many more. Experts are hopeful that by increasing public awareness and enlisting strict population control norms by the Government will definitely lead the way for the country's economic prosperity and control of population.

#### Yashraj Sharma Research Scholar, GKV, Haridwar

#### Dear Future!

Future replied, smiling,

Dear being, when will you be with me?

Never, in the time to come.

I cannot be created.

I am just a thought that passes your mind.

Let me tell you a secret,

What can be created is Present.

Talking to the future, I asked,
What does it look like there?
I am fascinated at your thought.
I think about you all the time,
All the innumerable possibilities

Apoorva Bhatnagar (Research Scholar, FMS, GKV)

That I can have, when I will be with you.

### Kanya Gurukula Campus, Dehradun

The campus was established in the year 1996. At present KGC is conducting full time programs in Master of Business Administration(MBA) and Bachelor of Business Administration(BBA). Besides this Ph.D. in management is also offered.

#### **Brain Drain**

India is a developing country and is on its way to shape a niche for itself as a super power in the world map. The citizens are the backbone of nations, so it is their duty to fulfil the aspiration of its motherland. In order to achieve this goal some ground work has to be done. Here comes the necessity of a very strong educational background. The institutions are churning out brilliant minds every year that are ready to face the challenges at every level like social, economic, scientific, technical and moral. Unfortunately things take a different turn from this point. These highly qualified youth instead of strengthening the backbone of their nation are turning their faces west ward in search of great opportunities and they are not to be blamed. After all everybody dreams of spending a quality life and having a secure future. This is a huge loss to India.

The best brains that India produces are utilised elsewhere, leaving a vacuum behind them. Proper timely measures taken by the government can prevent further loss and brain drain in future. More job opportunities have to be created with profitable salaries

and proper recognitions to be given, so as to stop th brain drain.

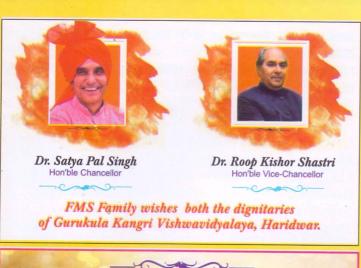
History is witness to our great people who have gon abroad to settle and work for foreign land due to lack of recognitions and amenities in our own motherland Many jokes are also circulated which tells us how the foreign countries boast of their achievements thanks to all our Indian brains. e.g. Sundar Pichai (CEO of Google LLC), Satya Nadella (CEO of Microsoft), Abhijee Benerjee (Indo-American Economist) and K.C. Sreedharan Pillai (Statistician) etc.

There is nothing impossible on this earth, Napoleon harightly said the word "Impossible" exists in the dictionar of fools. So it is never late to mend the past mistakes so that the practice of "Brain-Drain" can be eliminated Everybody must put his/her efforts to overcome this everybody must put his/her efforts to overcome this even of our nation and to preserve these shining of stars of India.

The government at the centre has to some extent trie to curb this menace and recognised its youth power an it's capabilities, it has tried to encourage its youth be floating many programmes and capacity buildin programmes like "Make in India" and "VAJRA Scheme which has boosted the start-ups thus encouraging these young minds financially, emotionally and morally.

Kolluru Laxmi Goutar Research Scholar, KGM Dehradu







Ms. Swati Chaudhary for clearing JRF/NET

Ms. Tania Mittal for NET

FMS Convey wishes to them





From Left: Dr. Ashutosh-Sheel, Dr. Mihir Joshi, Dr. Vageesh Paliwal, Prof. V.K. Singh, Prof. Pankaj Madan Dr. Rajul Bhardwaj, Dr. Anil Dangwal, Dr. Ashish Arya, Dr. Mithilesh Pandey, Mr. Amit Agarwal, Dr. Sanchit Dagar